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# USATHAMA

U.S. Army Toxic and Hazardous Materials Agency

## Report of Sampling and Analysis Results

Westport Army Housing Units  
Westport, Connecticut

June 1990

Prepared for:

U.S. ARMY TOXIC AND  
HAZARDOUS MATERIALS AGENCY  
Aberdeen Proving Ground  
Maryland 21010-5401

Prepared by:



Under the supervision of:



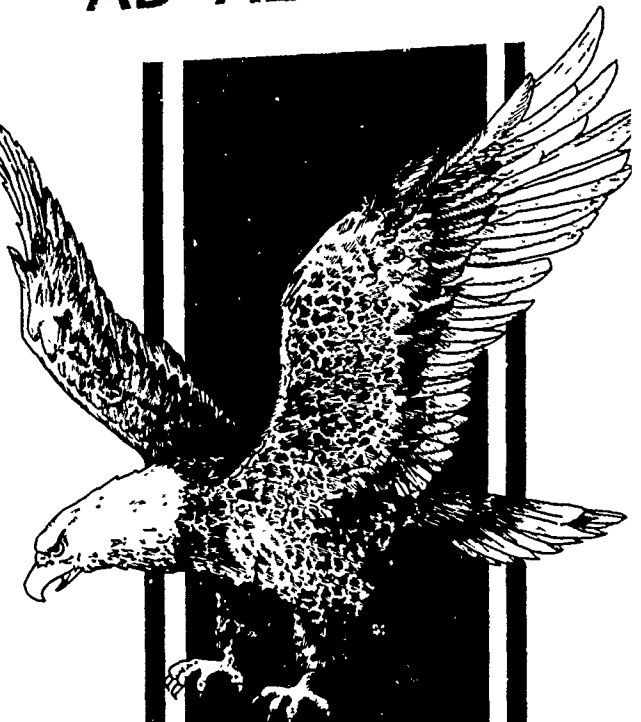
Environmental Assessment and  
Information Sciences Division  
Argonne National Laboratory  
Argonne, Illinois 60439

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CETHA-BC-CR-90082

**Report of Sampling and  
Analysis Results  
Westport Army Housing Units  
Westport, Connecticut**

June 1990

**Prepared for:**

**U.S. Army Toxic and Hazardous Materials Agency  
Aberdeen Proving Ground  
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SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS AT THE U.S. ARMY  
FAMILY HOUSING UNIT (FHU) PROPERTY  
WESTPORT, CONNECTICUT

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## EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The U.S. Army family housing units (FHUs) at Westport, Connecticut were inspected by Roy F. Weston, Inc. (WESTON) personnel during February 1990 to further evaluate the environmental concerns identified in the enhanced Preliminary Assessment reports prepared and submitted earlier by Argonne National Laboratory (ANL) for the U.S. Army Toxic and Hazardous Materials Agency (USATHAMA). Three of the 16 single-family "Capehart" housing units were examined on 16 February to investigate the possible presence of asbestos-containing materials (ACM).

The ANL Draft Sampling and Analysis Plan, Revision 1 (SAP) specified identifying and sampling the following materials, that frequently are suspected to contain asbestos, from ten per cent of the housing units or a minimum of three, whichever is greater.

- Pipe run insulation.
- Dust accumulated inside heating ductwork within the concrete slab, where present and open.
- Vinyl floor tiles.

The WESTON personnel selected three housing units for inspection after review of maintenance records and drawings, discussions with housing management personnel, and determination that the units were in similar condition. The housing units chosen, Nos. 015, 016, and 020, were considered to be representative of the other 13 units, but this was not confirmed by an examination of all the units.

Thirteen samples of vinyl floor tile and vinyl sheeting were collected by WESTON from the three units and analyzed. These analyses revealed that asbestos is present in vinyl floor coverings at the three housing units examined. Asbestos was quantified at 3% or greater by polarized light microscopy (PLM) in four of the samples. Asbestos was qualitatively identified in seven other samples by transmission electron microscopy (TEM). No samples of pipe insulation were collected since the pipes in the units examined were not insulated. Dust samples were not collected because all floor vents had been permanently sealed. During the asbestos sampling activity, other suspect materials observed were roof shingles and felt.

The following practices should be observed with regard to the known and suspected asbestos-containing materials identified:

- The vinyl floor coverings pose no significant risk as long as they are in good condition and are not damaged by excessive wear or misuse. They should be managed in place under an Operation and Maintenance (O&M) plan which describes procedures for the regular inspection of the floor tiles and the removal and replacement of any that become damaged.

SECTION 1. INTRODUCTION

**SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS AT THE U.S. ARMY  
FAMILY HOUSING UNIT (FHU) PROPERTY  
WESTPORT, CONNECTICUT**

**SECTION 1. INTRODUCTION**

Roy F. Weston, Inc. (WESTON) was retained by Argonne National Laboratory (ANL) to provide assistance in gathering additional environmental data for the U.S. Army Toxic and Hazardous Materials Agency (USATHAMA) at 53 family housing unit properties (FHUs) in 12 states. The Westport, Connecticut property is one of these FHUs.

**1.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE**

The purpose of this project was to provide the Department of the Army with sound environmental data on the property which is scheduled for sale or realignment as a result of the Defense Authorization Amendments and Base Closure and Realignment Act (Public Law 100-526). Environmental assessments of each property covered by the Act are required by the Secretary of Defense prior to their closure or realignment. Such actions must be performed in accordance with applicable provisions of the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) and to ensure that any environmental hazards will be identified and mitigated where required.

Previously, ANL conducted enhanced preliminary assessments (PAs) for each property. These enhanced PAs made recommendations regarding sampling and analysis to determine (1) whether and in what quantities asbestos is present in certain building construction materials (including pipe run insulation, dust accumulated in heating ductwork, vinyl floor tile, and exterior siding shingles, where present), (2) in selected contexts, whether and in what concentration soils and groundwater may be contaminated, and (3) whether and in what range transformer oils at selected sites may contain polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs). WESTON gathered this data by implementing Argonne National Laboratory's (ANL's) Draft FHU Sampling and Analysis Plan, Revision 1 (SAP).

**1.2 SITE DESCRIPTION**

The Department of the Army's FHU property in Westport, Connecticut consists of 16 single-family units located on 5.62 acres. The units are situated along Wassell Lane. The areas surrounding this FHU property are woodlands to the north and residential properties to the south, east, and west.

The units at this FHU property are three-bedroom, single-family dwellings, built in 1958 in the "Capehart" style. The single-story, wood-frame units were constructed on concrete slab foundations with no basements or crawl spaces. The ducts for the original heating system and domestic water lines were embedded in the concrete slab, which was covered with vinyl floor tile. The units have pitched roofs surfaced with asphalt shingles and exteriors finished with vinyl siding.



### 1.3 REPORT ORGANIZATION

This report contains the results of the sampling and analysis program performed by WESTON. Section 2 contains a description of the asbestos sampling performed at the property and laboratory results for samples of suspected asbestos-containing material (ACM) collected. Copies of field notes and laboratory results pertaining to asbestos are provided in Appendices A.1 and A.2.

SECTION 2. ASBESTOS-CONTAINING MATERIALS

## SECTION 2. ASBESTOS-CONTAINING MATERIALS

WESTON personnel inspected three of the 16 "Capehart" units at the Westport family housing facility on 16 February 1990 for the presence of suspected ACM. Floor tile and vinyl sheeting were the only suspect materials found within the buildings that were sampled. All sampling was done following the requirements of ANL's SAP. Additionally, all field work was performed in accordance with applicable Federal regulations, including 40 CFR Part 61 subpart M, 40 CFR Part 763 subpart E, and 29 CFR Part 1910.1001.

### 2.1 SAMPLING RATIONALE

The sampling rationale used by WESTON for this project followed the recommendations set forth by ANL. The type of suspect ACM to be sampled, the number of housing units to be examined at each FHU facility, and number of samples to be taken for each material found were described in the SAP. The plan for Westport required sampling of the following materials, if present:

- Pipe run insulation.
- Accumulated dust inside heating ductwork if not sealed.
- Vinyl floor tiles.

In accordance with the SAP, three units were examined at this facility. The sampling plan, however, did not identify specific units which were to be sampled. The task of determining which housing units were representative of the facility as a whole and, therefore, would be sampled was left to the WESTON field team. After reviewing all available maintenance records and drawings and discussing the facility with Directorate of Engineering and Housing (DEH) personnel, it was determined that all of the units at the Westport FHU were similar in condition. Units 015, 016, and 020 were chosen by the WESTON field team leader as representative units to be sampled.

The SAP specifies that a minimum of two pipe run insulation samples, four dust samples, and one sample of each color of floor tile be collected from each of the housing units examined. Thirteen samples of vinyl floor covering were collected at the facility. No pipe insulation samples were collected since the pipes in the units examined were not insulated. Dust samples were not collected because all floor vents had been permanently sealed. Documentation of the sealed vents was provided by the Army and is included in Appendix A.1.

### 2.2 FIELD ACTIVITIES AND OBSERVATIONS

Each of the three units was inspected to determine if suspect materials were present. Three colors (tan, brown, and white) of 9" x 9" vinyl floor tile, two colors (brown and brown with white specks) of 12" x 12" vinyl floor tile, and one color (brown) of vinyl sheeting were sampled. All three units contained the brown vinyl sheeting, brown with white specks 12" x 12" floor tile, and white 9" x 9" floor tile. Units 016 and 020 contained tan 9" x 9" floor tile. Unit 015 contained brown 9" x 9" floor tile and unit 016 also contained brown 12" x 12" floor tile. One sample was taken of each of the floor coverings in each housing unit, resulting in a total of 13 samples for laboratory determination of asbestos content. These samples were collected by breaking off a small piece of floor covering in an inconspicuous location. About one square

inch of the tile surface area was taken for each sample. No effort was made to separate the mastic, which sometimes contains asbestos, from the floor tile and vinyl sheeting samples themselves.

The vinyl floor tile in all three of the units inspected was in good condition. This material is considered to be a non-friable type of ACM, unless damaged. If significant damage occurs, such that the material becomes friable as defined in the asbestos National Emission Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP), the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) would classify these tiles as friable materials. However, an EPA opinion was recently released that changes certain previous interpretations regarding non-friable ACM. On 23 February 1990, a memorandum was issued by the Director of Emissions Standards Division, the Director of Stationary Source Compliance Division, and the Associate Enforcement Counsel for Air Enforcement of the EPA Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards (OAQPS). This memorandum was circulated to other air quality officials and EPA regional offices in early March 1990. This latest position states that floor tiles and certain other non-friable materials do not have to be removed from a facility prior to demolition, unless they are severely damaged and thus are considered friable, or unless the demolition may cause fiber release through grinding or abrasion of the tiles. Floor tile removal shall be done if demolition is to be accomplished by burning, either of the unit or of the debris from demolition. However, if the floors in the housing units are to be renovated, special care must be taken during the process to prevent the release of asbestos fibers.

The WESTON field team was directed, as a part of the project scope specified in the SAP, to perform sampling and analysis of specific suspected ACM. Other suspect materials observed were roof shingles and felt. Copies of the field notes are included in Appendix A.1.

### 2.3 LABORATORY PROCEDURES AND RESULTS

The bulk samples of building materials were analyzed for asbestos content by WESTON's optical microscopy laboratory in Auburn, Alabama. This laboratory is accredited by the American Industrial Hygiene Association (AIHA) and the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) under the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP). The bulk samples were analyzed by Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) using the "Interim Method for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Insulation Samples", EPA 600/M4-82-020, December 1982. Copies of the laboratory reports are included in Appendix A.2.

Vinyl floor tile samples for which no asbestos was found using PLM methods were analyzed qualitatively for the presence of asbestos by Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM) at WESTON's NVLAP accredited electron microscopy laboratory in Auburn, Alabama. Copies of these laboratory reports are also included in Appendix A.2.

All analyses were performed in accordance with protocols set forth in the Laboratory Accreditation package submitted by WESTON under NVLAP. This document includes standard procedures for sample analysis and quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) which were acceptable to NIST. The QA/QC protocols for the laboratory differ significantly from those commonly found in chemical analysis procedures, due to the nature of the analytical procedure. Since there are no reagents, digestions, or other steps in the process that provide significant opportunities for sample contamination or analyte loss, lot blanks and sample spikes are not performed. Instead, all analyses are performed using the following steps:

- Incoming samples are divided into lots of ten for analysis.

- One sample is selected at random to serve as the QC check and divided into two containers.
- The sample lot is assigned to an analyst who determines the asbestos content of each sample.
- The QC sample is analyzed by a different analyst, designated by the sample custodian.
- The results of both analysts are submitted to the QC Coordinator for review, and comparison to the laboratory QC chart.
- The results are reviewed and approved, based on the written QC review procedures, or rejected. If rejected, the sample lot and QC sample are reanalyzed.

The WESTON laboratory routinely runs blank checks to ensure that equipment and refractive index oils are not contaminated, collects and analyzes samples of the air in the work areas to document that airborne asbestos fibers do not threaten worker health or sample contamination, and analyzes samples submitted by NIST to document precision of results as required by the NVLAP program. Samples provided in past rounds of proficiency checks are used in analyst training and to document analyst proficiency. The use of third party laboratory comparisons is often done, and is accomplished by sending duplicates of samples to an outside laboratory and comparing the results obtained by the two facilities.

In interpreting the asbestos results, it should be noted that the definition of asbestos presence differs between the EPA and some state agencies. According to the EPA definition, any materials that contain greater than one per cent (>1%) asbestos are classified as ACM by the 1977 NESHAP regulations. However, California has recently implemented state regulations that consider all materials containing 0.1 per cent (%) or more asbestos as asbestos-containing. It is believed that several other states will soon follow the lead of California in lowering the threshold limit to 0.1 per cent, including some in which properties under review in this study are located. Currently, the State of Connecticut continues to abide by the EPA definition, hence, all samples containing >1% asbestos are considered to be ACM.

The matter is further complicated by the fact that the PLM method was developed specifically for friable materials, but not for non-friable types of suspect ACM such as vinyl floor tiles, vinyl sheeting, and siding. In fact, no specific method has been developed and promulgated to date for such samples, so laboratories use PLM as the only available documented procedure for their analysis. PLM has an inherent limitation on fiber resolution of about 0.25 micrometer (um) in diameter and reliable detection and quantification of fibers smaller than 1 um in diameter is difficult. The manufacturing process for vinyl floor tiles, for example, results in the very small fiber diameters which often cannot be seen by PLM. WESTON's experience is that frequently such samples do, in fact, contain significant quantities of asbestos. WESTON has developed a qualitative technique using TEM to detect the presence of such small fibers and minimize false negatives in the laboratory results. This technique, however, does not allow a good quantitative estimate of asbestos content.

For these reasons, the WESTON laboratories have implemented a policy of reporting asbestos presence as follows:

- Asbestos determined by PLM to be present at greater than 1% is reported as the quantity detected.
- If asbestos is estimated to be less than 1% by PLM, it is reported as <1%. This estimate of asbestos content may be made when only one asbestos structure is observed.
- If asbestos is not detected in certain non-friable materials by PLM, then the samples are subjected to TEM analysis. The results are reported as positive if asbestos is detected by TEM.

Recommendations made in this report are based on the >1% regulatory limit, except for floor tiles as discussed earlier and except as otherwise noted. However, all samples in which asbestos is observed are discussed. This represents a conservative approach to the assessment of asbestos presence at the facility.

Table 2.1 contains a summary of all samples collected at the Westport FHU, including sample locations, material descriptions, and laboratory results. PLM results are quantitative while TEM results are qualitative only. Quantity estimates for materials sampled that were suspected to contain asbestos are presented in Table 2.2. The field notes describing the observations are provided in Appendix A.1, while copies of the original laboratory reports are included as Appendix A.2.

Four samples of the floor tile were found by PLM to contain asbestos at or greater than 3%. Seven of the remaining nine samples, for which no asbestos was reported following PLM analysis, were found to contain asbestos fibers by the TEM procedure. While these results are qualitative in nature, consideration of the process through which floor tiles were manufactured leads to the conclusion that these materials should be treated as ACM. Two samples were found to contain no detectable asbestos by both PLM and TEM analysis. Thus, 11 of the 13 floor covering samples were found to contain asbestos. The 13 units not inspected should be considered to have ACM present in the floor covering unless additional sampling and analysis is performed and shows that no asbestos is present in these units.

## 2.4 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The sample analyses performed by WESTON have revealed that asbestos is present in the vinyl floor coverings in the three units examined. These units are thought to be representative of the other 13 at the site, but this was not confirmed by sampling all units.

The floor tile and vinyl sheeting in the three housing units inspected were in good condition, but, should they become broken or damaged, asbestos fibers may be released. The recent EPA clarification of the definition for damaged non-friable materials apparently removes some concerns about the status of these materials at the time of renovation or demolition. Inspection of these normally non-friable materials prior to demolition is required, but, if they are in good condition at the time, they may be left in place, if planned demolition procedures will not release a significant amount of asbestos fibers. However, if demolition will

TABLE 2.1  
BULK SAMPLE SUMMARY  
WESTPORT FAMILY HOUSING

SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION	MATERIAL TYPE	LOCATION	ASBESTOS CONTENT PLM ANALYSIS	CONFIRMATION TEM ANALYSIS
=====				
Unit 015 -----				
AV064-30-CT-015-AFT	Speckled 12" x 12" floor tile	Kitchen	None Detected	Positive
AV065-30-CT-015-AFT	Brown 9" x 9" floor tile	All rooms except kitchen and bath	Chrysotile, 3%	
AV066-30-CT-015-AFT	Brown vinyl sheeting	Bath	None Detected	Positive
AV067-30-CT-015-AFT	White 9" x 9" floor tile	Over floor vents	None Detected	Positive
Unit 016 -----				
AV068-30-CT-016-AFT	Tan 9" x 9" floor tile	All rooms except kitchen and bath	Chrysotile, 7%	
AV069-30-CT-016-AFT	White 9" x 9" floor tile	Over floor vents	None Detected	Positive
AV070-30-CT-016-AFT	Speckled 12" x 12" floor tile	Kitchen	None Detected	Positive
AV071-30-CT-016-AFT	Brown 12" x 12" floor tile	Utility room	Chrysotile, 5%	
AV072-30-CT-016-AFT	Brown vinyl sheeting	Bath	None Detected	Negative
Unit 020 -----				
AV073-30-CT-020-AFT	Speckled 12" x 12" floor tile	Kitchen	None Detected	Positive
AV074-30-CT-020-AFT	Brown vinyl sheeting	Bath	None Detected	Negative
AV075-30-CT-020-AFT	Tan 9" x 9" floor tile	All rooms except kitchen and bath	Chrysotile, 5%	
AV076-30-CT-020-AFT	White 9" x 9" floor tile	Over floor vents	None Detected	Positive

TABLE 2.2  
ASBESTOS CONTAINING MATERIALS  
WESTPORT FAMILY HOUSING

SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION	MATERIAL TYPE	LOCATION	QUANTITY	UNITS
=====				
Unit 015 -----				
AV064-30-CT-015-AFT	Speckled 12" x 12" floor tile	Kitchen	75	Square ft
AV065-30-CT-015-AFT	Brown 9" x 9" floor tile	All rooms except kitchen and bath	780	Square ft
AV066-30-CT-015-AFT	Brown vinyl sheeting	Bath	20	Square ft
AV067-30-CT-015-AFT	White 9" x 9" floor tile	Over floor vents	15	Square ft
Unit 016 -----				
AV068-30-CT-016-AFT	Tan 9" x 9" floor tile	All rooms except kitchen and bath	780	Square ft
AV069-30-CT-016-AFT	White 9" x 9" floor tile	Over floor vents	15	Square ft
AV070-30-CT-016-AFT	Speckled 12" x 12" floor tile	Kitchen	75	Square ft
AV071-30-CT-016-A.T	Brown 12" x 12" floor tile	Utility room	10	Square ft
Unit 020 -----				
AV073-30-CT-020-AFT	Speckled 12" x 12" floor tile	Kitchen	75	Square ft
AV075-30-CT-020-AFT	Tan 9" x 9" floor tile	All rooms except kitchen and bath	780	Square ft
AV076-30-CT-020-AFT	White 9" x 9" floor tile	Over floor vents	15	Square ft



subject these non-friable materials to grinding, sanding, or abrading, or if demolition involves burning of the structure or debris from the structure, all forms of ACM, including these floor coverings, must be removed in advance.

The vinyl floor coverings should be left in place and managed under an Operations and Maintenance (O&M) plan. An O&M plan must address the following:

- The locations of all known and suspected ACM.
- The procedures and frequency for periodically assessing the ACM in the facility.
- The procedures for safely handling the ACM during maintenance or removal activities.
- Designation of an asbestos coordinator for the facility.
- The responsibilities and requirements for training of personnel involved with maintenance and renovation of the facility.
- The record-keeping program for the facility.

The vinyl floor tiles should be removed during a planned renovation of the units, in accordance with the regulations applicable at the time.

Other suspect materials noted were roof shingles and felt. Care should be taken during renovations or demolition to identify suspect materials that may have been hidden from the view of the assessment team. The suspect materials observed by the field team, and any hidden suspect materials found later, should be analyzed for the presence of asbestos prior to being disturbed.

APPENDIX A.1. FIELD DATA



REPLY TO  
ATTENTION OF

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY  
HEADQUARTERS FORT DEVENS  
FORT DEVENS, MASSACHUSETTS



01433-5100

February 22, 1990

Directorate of Engineering  
and Housing

SUBJECT: Sealing of floor register openings; Off-Post  
Housing

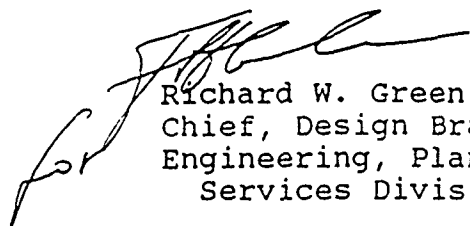
Roy F. Weston, Incorporated  
1635 Pumphrey Avenue  
Attention: Mr. Alex Muncie  
Auburn, Alabama 36830

Dear Mr. Muncie:

Per our phone conversation of February 20, 1990, I am writing to inform you that we are aware the floor diffuser openings of the Hull, Randolph, Bedford, Nahant and Burlington, Massachusetts housing areas have been sealed with concrete.

Additionally, all of the housing areas in the Conneticut Defense area with the exception of Shelton, have had the floor diffuser openings plugged with concrete.

Sincerely,

  
Richard W. Green III  
Chief, Design Branch  
Engineering, Plans and  
Services Division

## SITE SURVEY LOG

CLIENT Argonne National Labs WESTON WORK ORDER NO. 2104-13-01  
 FACILITY/BLDG. NO. WESTPORT CT, 15 VASSAL LA.  
 FACILITY CONTACT JOE NADEAU TELEPHONE NUMBER (203) 468-6934  
 TECHNICIAN NAME ROBERT LENCH SIGNATURE Robert Lench  
 TECHNICIAN NAME STEPHEN ANDERSON SIGNATURE Stephen Anderson  
 TIME ARRIVED 1055 TIME DEPARTED 1105 DATE 16 FEB 90  
 dd mm yy

## SPECIFIC SITE ACTIVITIES, COMMENTS, INTERVIEW RESULTS &amp; BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF FACILITY

This is a one story 3 bedroom Capehart style home with white aluminum siding. The roofing shingles are felt. There are four types of floor tile present. The old floor vents have been sealed. There is no pipe insulation present.

There ~~was~~ is 12x12 brown and white speckled floor tile in the kitchen only. There is 9x9 brown floor tile in all of the rooms except the kitchen and bath. There is brown sheet vinyl in the bath only. The old floor vents are covered with 9x9 white floor tile.

## ACTIVITY CHECKLIST

Interviews Completed <u>✓</u>	Number of Samples <u>4</u>
Drawings Reviewed <u>✓</u>	Survey Form Completed <u>✓</u>
Drawings Attached <u>✓</u>	Site Log Completed <u>✓</u>
Visual Inspection <u>✓</u>	Chain-of-Custody Initiated <u>✓</u>
Number of Photos <u>0</u>	Exp. Assess. Form Init. <u>✓</u>
Q.A. Check <u>      </u> SIGNATURE <u>                                </u>	DATE <u>1 / 90</u> dd mm yy

## SITE SURVEY LOG

(Continued)

Based upon available drawings, maintenance records, and discussion with housing management personnel, it was determined all of the homes were the same. This was one of three randomly chosen homes.

# ASBESTOS SURVEY DATA

0279

BLDG. NO.: 015  
INSTALLATION 9310

TASK TEAM MEMBERS  
ROBERT LYNN  
STAN ANDERSON

W.O. No. 2104-13-01  
CLIENT: ARGONNE NATIONAL LAB

BLDG. NAME: WESTMONT FAMILY HSE

DATE (dd/mm/yy): 16/02/90

BLDG. DESCRIPTION: WATERMETER STYLE

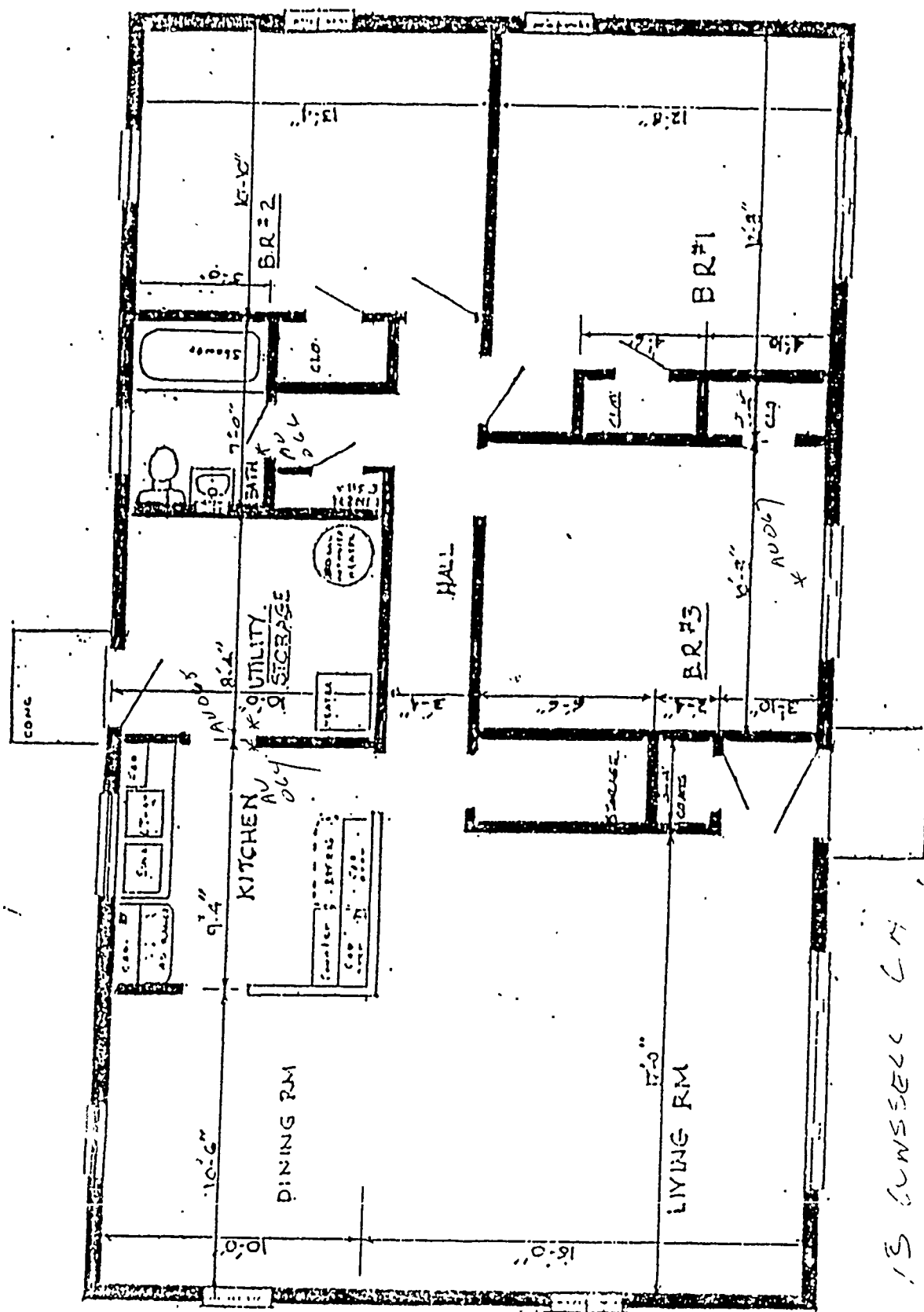
TIME ARRIVED: 2055

ITEM NO.	LAB SAMPLE NO.	BASE NO.	STATE	UNIT NO.	SAMPLE CODE	AREA	QUANTITY	PHOTO	E.A. FORM NO.	NOTES
1.	A11064	30	CT	015	A11T	<del>12X12</del> KITCHEN	75		10211A	01
2.	A11065	30	CT	015	A11T	12X12 KMSI EXCEPT KITCH	1280		10211B	02
3.	A11066	30	CT	015	A11T	BATH	120		10211C	03
4.	A11067	30	CT	015	A11T	OVER VENTS	15		10211D	04
5.					ALL					
6.					ALL					
7.					ALL					
8.					ALL					
9.					ALL					
10.					ALL					
11.					ALL					
12.					ALL					

NOTE NO.	NOTES/REMARKS/COMMENTS/DETAILS/OTHER MATERIALS, QUANTITY, ETC.
01	12X12 brown and white speckled floor tile in kitchen only.
02	9X9 brown floor tile in all rooms except kitchen and bath.
03	brown sheet vinyl in bath only.
04	9X9 white floor tile over old floor vents

TECHNICIAN SIGNATURE Robert Lynn

QUALITY ASSURANCE SIGNATURE \_\_\_\_\_



TYPICAL 3 BEDROOM CAPEHART UNIT  
 LOCATED IN ANSONIA, FAIRFIELD,  
 SHELTON, ORANGE, NEW BRITAIN, CT.

CAPEHART TYPE "A"

13 JUN 1967

17



## SITE SURVEY LOG

CLIENT Argonne National Labs WESTON WORK ORDER NO. 2104-13-01  
 FACILITY/BLDG. NO. WESPORT CT, 16 WASSILL LA.  
 FACILITY CONTACT JOE CADEAU TELEPHONE NUMBER (203) 468-0734  
 TECHNICIAN NAME ROBERT LYNCH SIGNATURE Robert Lynch  
 TECHNICIAN NAME STAN A. JEROME SIGNATURE Stan A. Jerome  
 TIME ARRIVED 1105 TIME DEPARTED 1125 DATE 16 FEB 1990  
 dd mm yy

## SPECIFIC SITE ACTIVITIES, COMMENTS, INTERVIEW RESULTS &amp; BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF FACILITY

This is a one story 3 bedroom Capehart style home with yellow aluminum siding. The roofing shingles and felt are suspect. There ~~are~~ are 5 types of floor tile present. The old floor vents have been sealed. There is no pipe insulation present.

There is 9x9 brown floor tile in all of the rooms except the kitchen and bath. The kitchen has 12x12 brown and white speckled floor tile. The bath has brown sheet vinyl. There is 9x9 white floor tile over the old floor vents. There

## ACTIVITY CHECKLIST

Interviews Completed <u>✓</u>	Number of Samples <u>5</u>
Drawings Reviewed <u>✓</u>	Survey Form Completed <u>✓</u>
Drawings Attached <u>✓</u>	Site Log Completed <u>✓</u>
Visual Inspection <u>✓</u>	Chain-of-Custody Initiated <u>✓</u>
Number of Photos <u>0</u>	Exp. Assess. Form Init. <u>✓</u>
Q.A. Check <u>      </u> SIGNATURE <u>                                </u>	DATE <u>1</u> / <u>16</u> / <u>90</u> dd mm yy



## SITE SURVEY LOG

(Continued)

is a patch of 12x12 brown floor tile  
patch in the utility room.

Based upon available drawings,  
maintenance records, and discussions  
with housing management personnel,  
it was determined all of the homes  
were the same. This was one  
of three randomly chosen homes.

# ASBESTOS SURVEY DATA

0283

BLDG. NO.: 0116  
INSTALLATION 0310

TASK TEAM MEMBERS  
ROBERT LYNCH  
STEVE HENDERSEN

W.O. No. 2104-13-01  
CLIENT: ARGONNE NATIONAL LAB

BLDG. NAME: WESTGATE FAMILY HSG  
BLDG. DESCRIPTION: CONDO

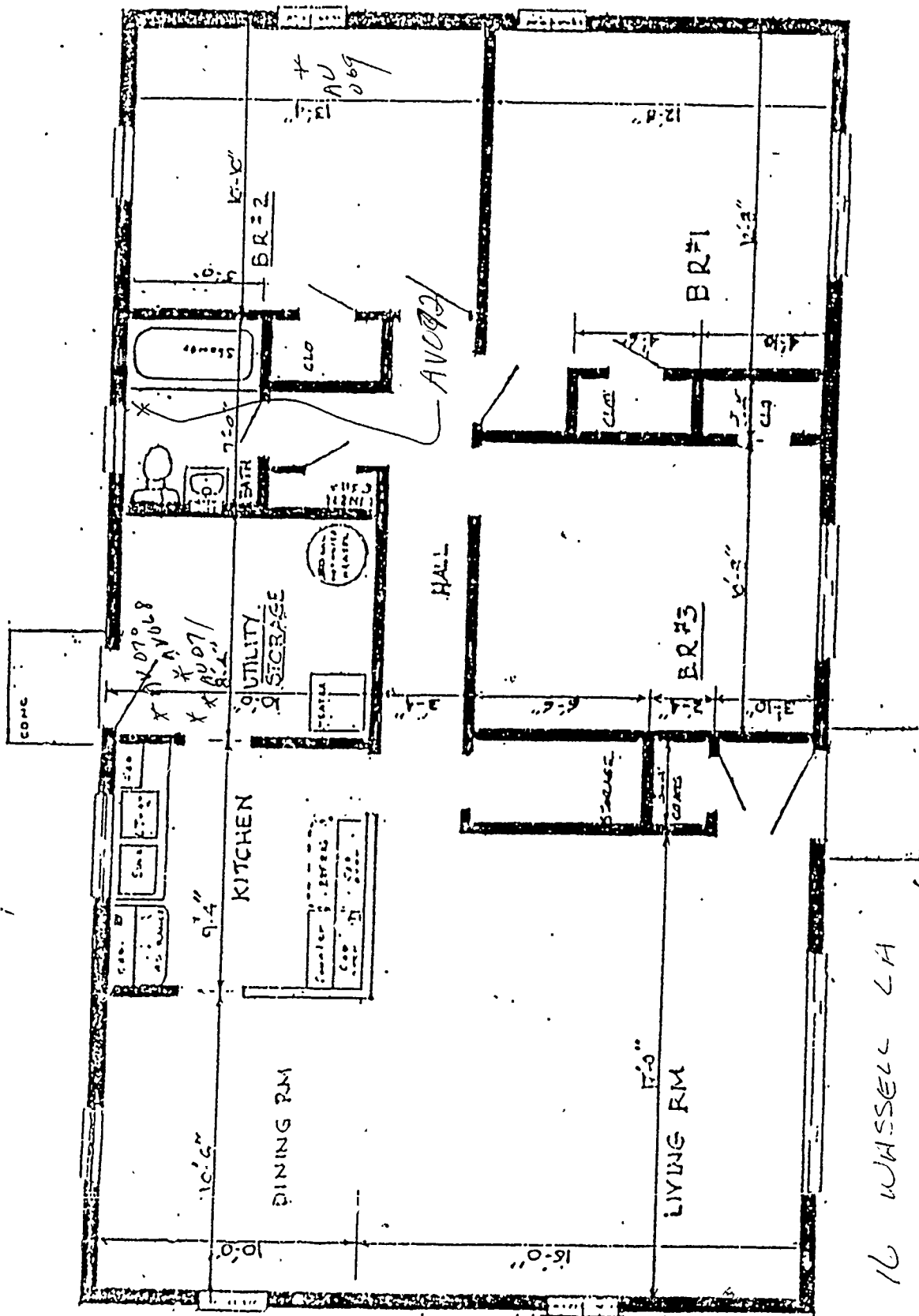
DATE (dd/mm/yy): 10/02/90  
TIME ARRIVED: 11:05

ITEM NO.	LAB SAMPLE NO.	BASE NO.	STATE	UNIT NO.	SAMPLE CODE	AREA	QUANTITY	PHOTO	E.A. FORM NO.	NOTES
1.	AV0102-30-CT-0116-A1F1					HALLWAYS EXCEPT KIT	780		10221A	01
2.	AV0109-30-CT-0116-A1F1					OVER VENTS	15		10221B	02
3.	AV0103-30-CT-0116-A1F1					KITCHEN	75		10221C	03
4.	AV0107-30-CT-0116-A1F1					PATCH	10		10221D	04
5.	AV0122-30-CT-0116-A1F1					BATH	20		10221E	05
6.	- - - - -									
7.	- - - - -									
8.	- - - - -									
9.	- - - - -									
10.	- - - - -									
11.	- - - - -									
12.	- - - - -									

NOTE NO.	NOTES/REMARKS/COMMENTS/DETAILS/OTHER MATERIALS, QUANTITY, ETC.
01	9x9 <sup>tan</sup> brown floor tile in all rooms except kitchen and bath
02	9x9 white floor tile over old floor vents.
03	12x12 brown and white speckled floor tile in kitchen only
04	12x12 brown floor tile patch in utility room.
05	brown sheet vinyl in bath only.

TECHNICIAN SIGNATURE Robert Lynch

QUALITY ASSURANCE SIGNATURE \_\_\_\_\_



TYPICAL 3 BEDROOM CAPEHART UNIT  
 LOCATED IN ANSONIA, FAIRFIELD,  
 SHELTON, ORANGE, NEW BRITAIN, CT.

CAPEHART TYPE "A"

16 WASSELL LA

WESTPORT, CT

## SITE SURVEY LOG

CLIENT Argonne National Labs WESTON WORK ORDER NO. 2104-13-01  
 FACILITY/BLDG. NO. WESPORT CT, 20 WASSALL LN.  
 FACILITY CONTACT JOE NADEAU TELEPHONE NUMBER (203) 466-6934  
 TECHNICIAN NAME ROBERT LYNCH SIGNATURE Robert Lynch  
 TECHNICIAN NAME Stan Anderson SIGNATURE Stan Anderson  
 TIME ARRIVED 1125 TIME DEPARTED 1150 DATE 16 FEB 90  
 dd mm yy

## SPECIFIC SITE ACTIVITIES, COMMENTS, INTERVIEW RESULTS &amp; BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF FACILITY

This is a one story 3 bedroom Capehart style home, with grey aluminum siding. The roofing shingles and felt are suspect. The old floor vents have been sealed. There are four types of floor tile present. There is no pipe insulation present.

There is 12x12 brown and white speckled floor tile in the kitchen only. The bath has brown sheet vinyl flooring. There is 9x9 white floor tile over the old floor vents. The bedrooms, living room, dining room, and hall all have

## ACTIVITY CHECKLIST

Interviews Completed <u>✓</u>	Number of Samples <u>1</u>
Drawings Reviewed <u>✓</u>	Survey Form Completed <u>✓</u>
Drawings Attached <u>✓</u>	Site Log Completed <u>✓</u>
Visual Inspection <u>✓</u>	Chain-of-Custody Initiated <u>✓</u>
Number of Photos <u>B</u>	Exp. Assess. Form Init. <u>✓</u>
Q.A. Check <u>      </u> SIGNATURE <u>      </u>	DATE <u>1 / 90</u> dd mm yy

## SITE SURVEY LOG

(Continued)

919 to floor tile.

Based upon available drawings, maintenance records, and discussions with housing management personnel; it was determined all of the homes were the same. This was one of three randomly chosen homes.

# ASBESTOS SURVEY DATA

0287

BLDG. NO.: CRIC  
INSTALLATION CRIC

TASK TEAM MEMBERS  
ROBERT LYNCH  
STAN ANDERSON

W.O. No. 2104-13-01  
CLIENT: ARGONNE NATIONAL LAB

BLDG. NAME: WESTPORT FAMILY HSG  
BLDG. DESCRIPTION: CRAVE HART STYLE

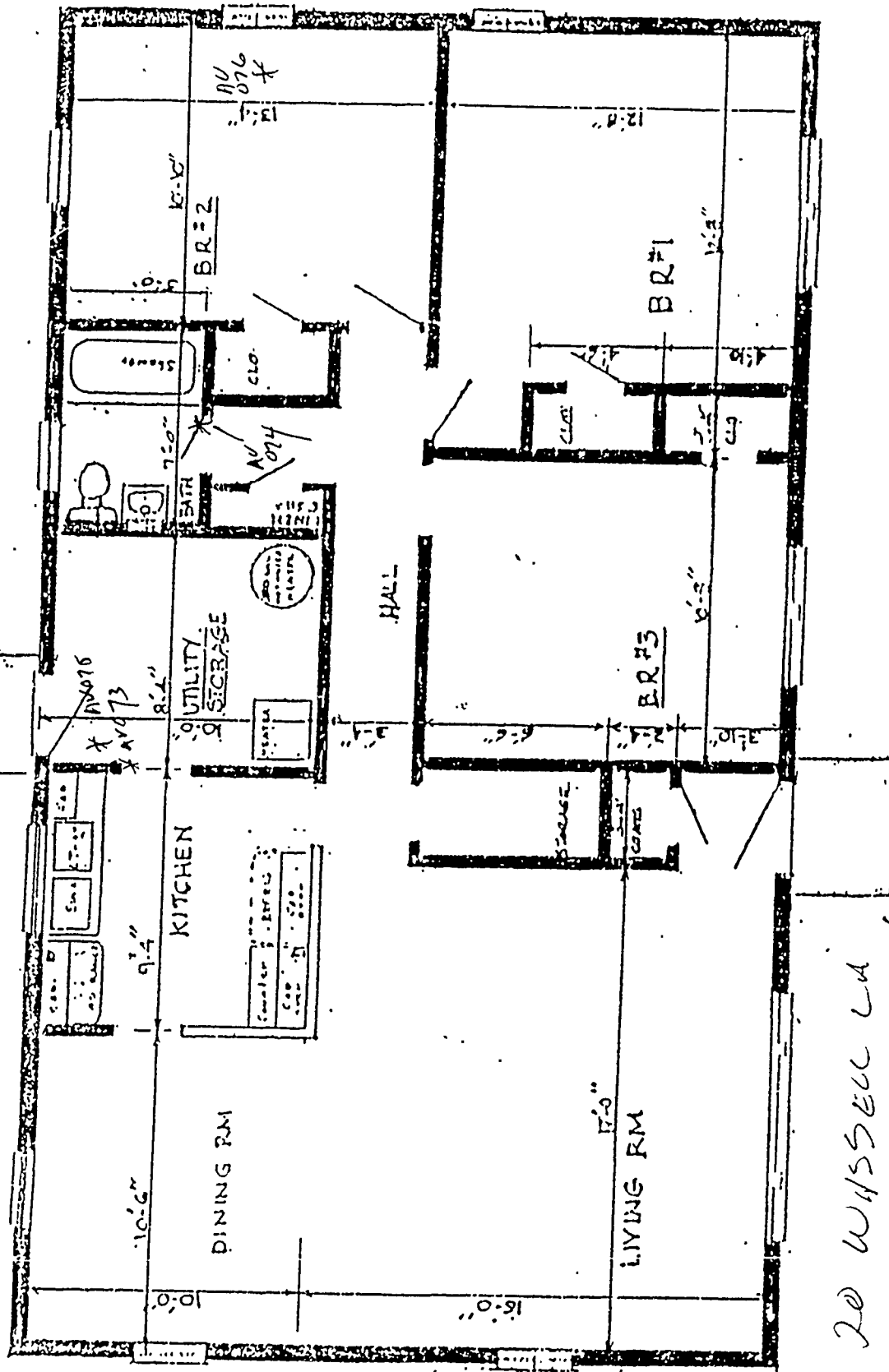
DATE (dd/mm/yy): 11/12/90  
TIME ARRIVED: 11:25

ITEM NO.	LAB SAMPLE NO.	BASE NO.	STATE	UNIT NO.	SAMPLE CODE	AREA	QUANTITY	PHOTO	E.A. FORM NO.	NOTES
1.	AV073	30	CT	020	AVT	KITCHEN	175		10234	01
2.	AV074	30	CT	020	AVT	BATH	120		10234	02
3.	AV075	30	CT	020	AVT	ALL RMS EXCEPT KITCH	780		10234	03
4.	AV076	30	CT	020	AVT	ONION VENTS	15		10234	04
5.					ALL					
6.					ALL					
7.					ALL					
8.					ALL					
9.					ALL					
10.					ALL					
11.					ALL					
12.					ALL					

NOTE NO.	NOTES/REMARKS/COMMENTS/DETAILS/OTHER MATERIALS, QUANTITY, ETC.
01	12x12 <del>sp</del> white and brown speckled floor tile in kitchen only
02	brown sheet vinyl in bath only
03	9x9 tan floor tile in all rooms except kitchen and bath
04	9x9 white floor tile over vents

TECHNICIAN SIGNATURE Robert Lynch

QUALITY ASSURANCE SIGNATURE \_\_\_\_\_



TYPICAL 3 BEDROOM CAPEHART UNIT  
 LOCATED IN ANSONIA, FAIRFIELD,  
 SHELTON, ORANGE, NEW BRITAIN, CT.

CAPEHART TYPE "A"

20 WISSELLA  
 WESTPORT CT.

APPENDIX A.2. LABORATORY DATA



# BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS SUMMARY

Weston W.O. No. 2104-13-01-0000

Sample Number AV064 through Sample AV076

AO LAB ID NO	CLIENT/CLIENT ID	LOCATION	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION *	DATE RECEIVED	RESULTS **					LAYERS	ANALYST
					CH	AM	CR	OT	TL		
AV064	30-CT-015-AFT	KITCHN	NF, BR, 12X12 FT	02/22/90	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	No	06072
AV065	30-CT-015-AFT	ALLRMS	NF, BR, 9X9 FT	02/22/90	3	ND	ND	ND	3	No	06072
AV066	30-CT-015-AFT	BATH	NF, BR, SHT VINYL	02/22/90	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	Yes	06072
AV067	30-CT-015-AFT	OVERVE	NF, WH, 9X9 FT	02/22/90	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	No	06071
AV068	30-CT-016-AFT	ALLRMS	NF, TN, 9X9 FT	02/22/90	7	ND	ND	ND	7	No	06071
AV069	30-CT-016-AFT	OVERVE	NF, WH, 9X9 FT	02/22/90	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	No	06071
AV070	30-CT-016-AFT	KITCHN	NF, BR, 12X12 FT	02/22/90	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	No	06071
AV071	30-CT-016-AFT	PATCH	NF, BR, 12X12 FT	02/22/90	5	ND	ND	ND	5	No	06071
AV072	30-CT-016-AFT	BATH	NF, BR, SHT VINYL	02/22/90	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	Yes	06071
AV073	30-CT-020-AFT	KITCHN	NF, WH, 12X12 FT	02/22/90	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	No	06071
AV074	30-CT-020-AFT	BATH	NF, BR, SHT VINYL	02/22/90	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	Yes	06071
AV075	30-CT-020-AFT	ALLRMS	NF, TN, 9X9 FT	02/22/90	5	ND	ND	ND	5	Yes	06071
AV076	30-CT-020-AFT	OVERVE	NF, WH, 9X9 FT	02/22/90	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	No	06071

* MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	FRIABLE <sup>1</sup>	COLOR <sup>2</sup>		SYSTEM <sup>3</sup>
Friable <sup>1</sup> , Color <sup>2</sup> , System <sup>3</sup> , Type	F - Friable NF - Non-Friable	BK - Black BL - Blue BR - Brown GR - Green GY - Gray	RD - Red TN - Tan WH - White YL - Yellow	CHW - Chilled Water DOM - Domestic Water HHW - Heating Hot Water STM - Steam UNK - Unknown
** RESULTS				
CH - Chrysotile AM - Amosite CR - Crocidolite	OT - Other TL - Total			

Upon issue, this report may be reproduced only in full.

All analyses are performed in accordance with the methods set forth in U.S. EPA 600/M4-82-020, as amended. Weston's Optical Microscopy Laboratory is accredited by the National Institute of Standards and Technology's National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program for asbestos fiber analysis (Laboratory Code 1254).



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1635 PUMPHREY AVE.  
AUBURN, AL 36830  
PHONE. (205) 826-6100  
FAX. (205) 826-8232

Transmission Electron Microscopy  
Asbestos Summary Report

Client: Argonne National Laboratories      Weston W.O. No.: 2104-13-01-0000

Sample Type: Floor Tiles      Sampling Location: Westport

QUALITATIVE ANALYSIS

FLOOR TILES: A 0.5 to 2.0 gram portion of each floor tile sample was ultrasonically disaggregated in four milliliters of deionized, 0.2  $\mu$ m membrane filtered water. After the coarse fraction settled, a drop of the suspended, clay-sized fraction was placed on a Formvar coated 200 mesh Cu TEM grid and allowed to dry. The grid was carbon coated for thermal stability in the electron beam and examined with a Philips CM12 transmission electron microscope operating at 120 kilovolts accelerating voltage.

ANALYTICAL RESULTS

SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION

RESULTS

AV064-30-CT-015-AFT	Positive
AV066-30-CT-015-AFT	Positive
AV067-30-CT-015-AFT	Positive
AV069-30-CT-016-AFT	Positive
AV070-30-CT-016-AFT	Positive
AV072-30-CT-016-AFT	Negative
AV073-30-CT-020-AFT	Positive
AV074-30-CT-020-AFT	Negative
AV076-30-CT-020-AFT	Positive

*Barry Rayfield*

(Approved for transmittal)

*3/16/90*

(Date)

\*. This test report relates only to the specific items tested.

\*\* These sample results may only be reproduced in full, and are valid only if approved for transmittal.